

FLIGHT SOFTWARE, NETWORK STACK & SIMULATOR FOR SWARMS OF SATELLITES

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AGENDA

- 01 Swarm missions
- 02 Identify and increase TRL on major building blocks
- 03 FSW architecture and test environment
- 04 Networking concerns
- 05 Status and way forward

SWARM MISSIONS

Increasing new missions concepts with multi-satellites collaborating (mothership centered up to completely fair)

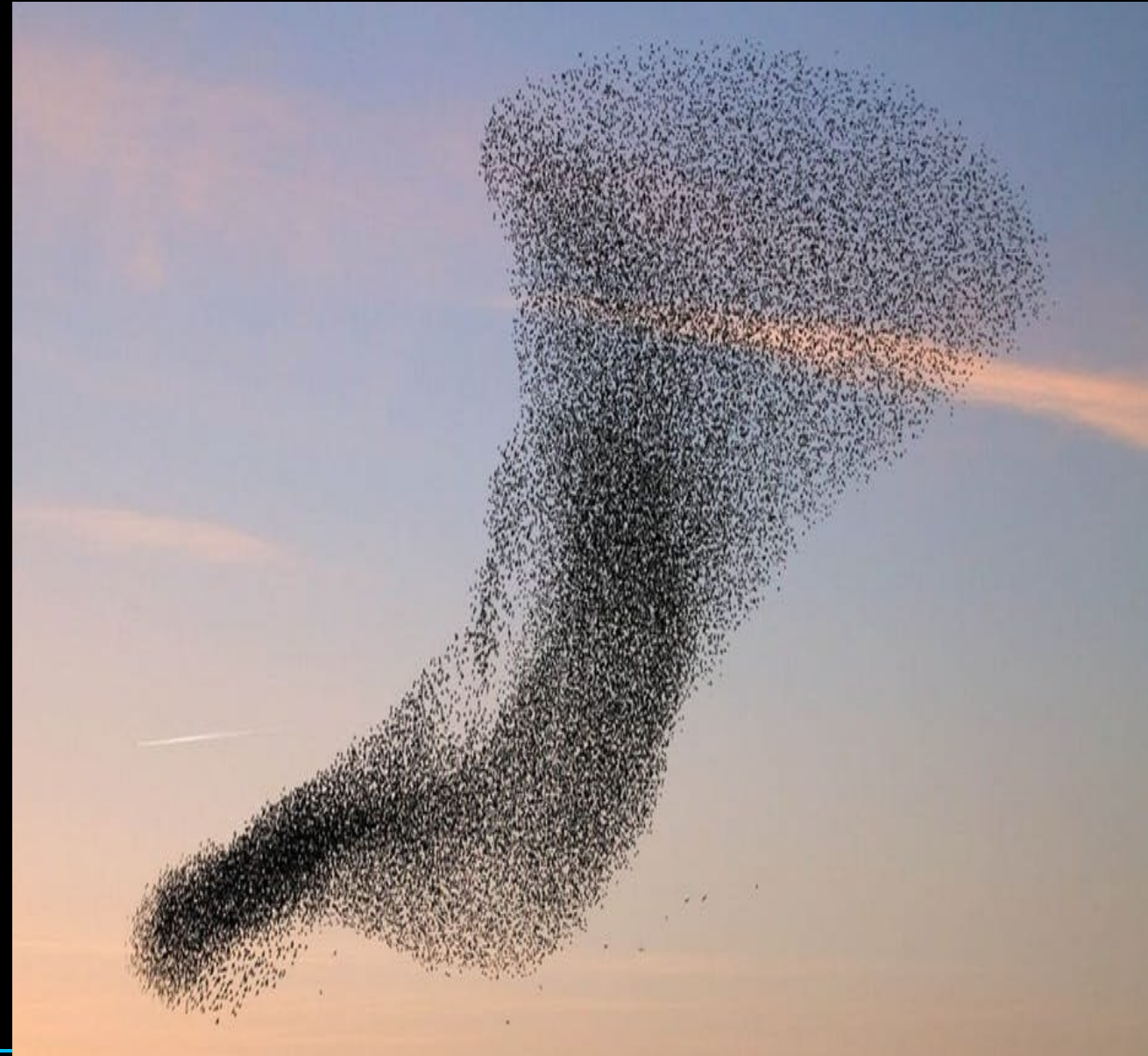
From 3 to 50+ satellites

Either LEO, GEO, lunar, asteroids or interplanetary centered

Aim at constituting large scale distributed instruments (multi-point measurements such as interferometry, ...)

Acting following a collective scheme and managed as a single object

High level of autonomy, resilience, with auto-reconfiguration capabilities





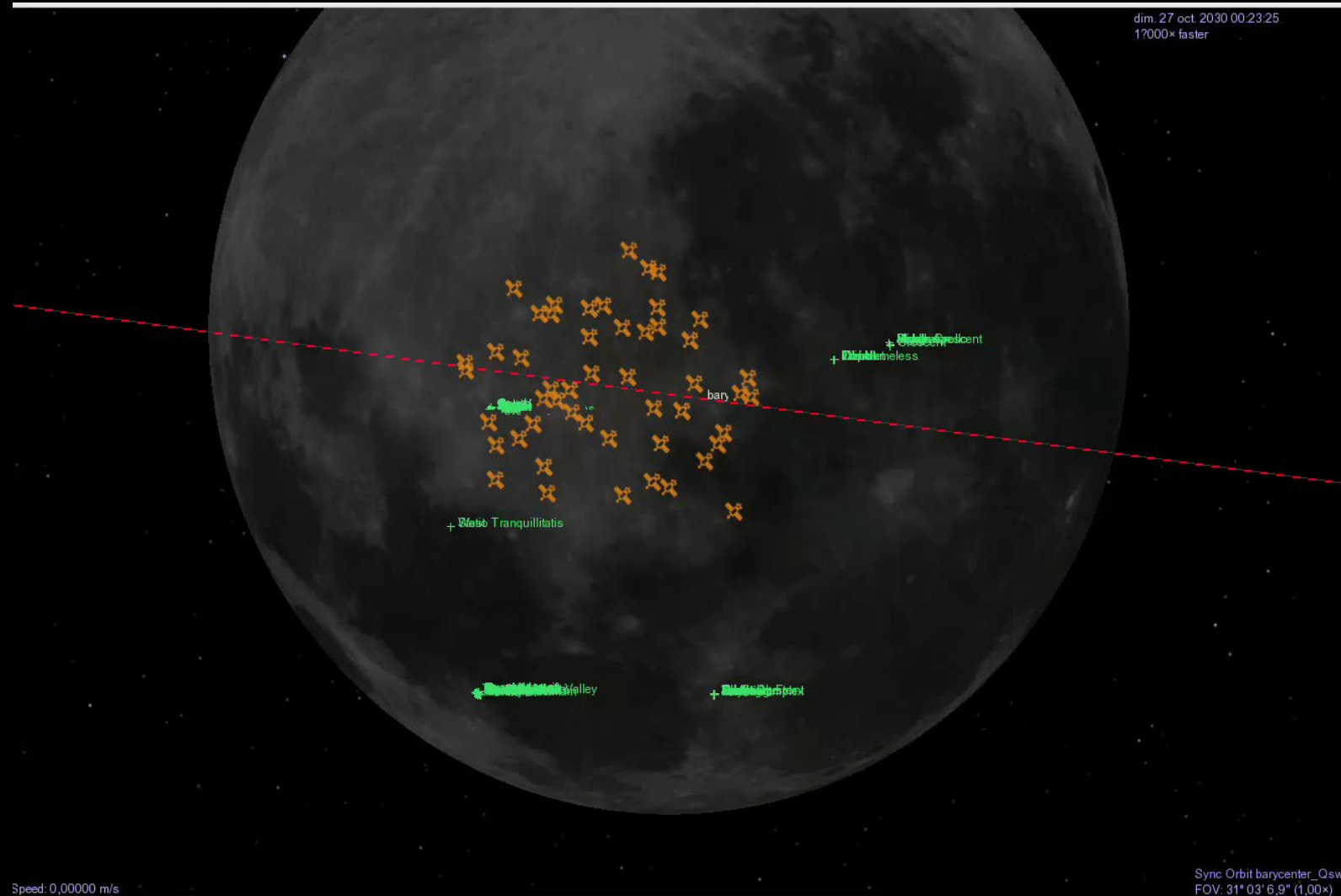
02

**IDENTIFY AND INCREASE
TRL ON MAJOR BUILDING
BLOCKS**

SWARM MISSIONS - ARE WE READY ?

New challenges at Software level on the following topics:

- Interconnecting ISL, TTC, intra-sat networks
- Swarm autonomy wrt Flight Dynamics functions
- System resilience
- Distribution :
 - Collaboration of functions across the swarm
 - How to design at SW level one distributed payload ?
- How to manage such a system from the Ground ?





03

FSW ARCHITECTURE AND TEST ENVIRONMENT

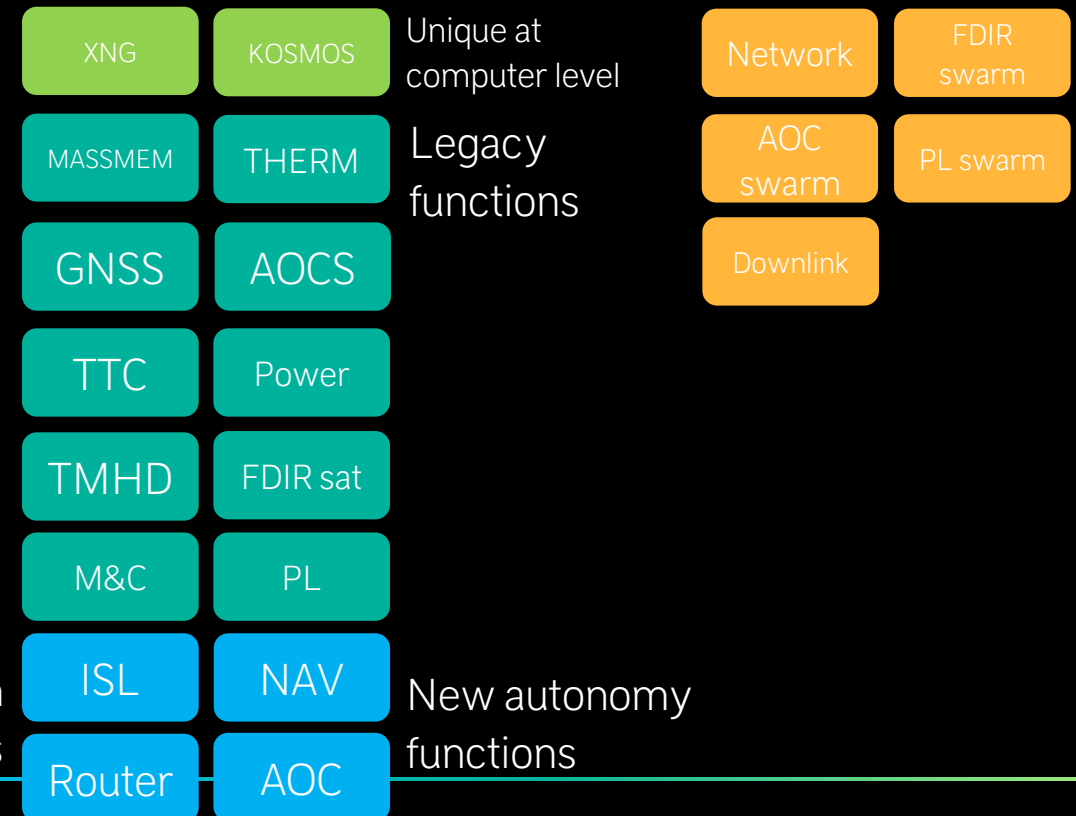
AVIONICS / FLIGHT SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE – SWARM MISSIONS



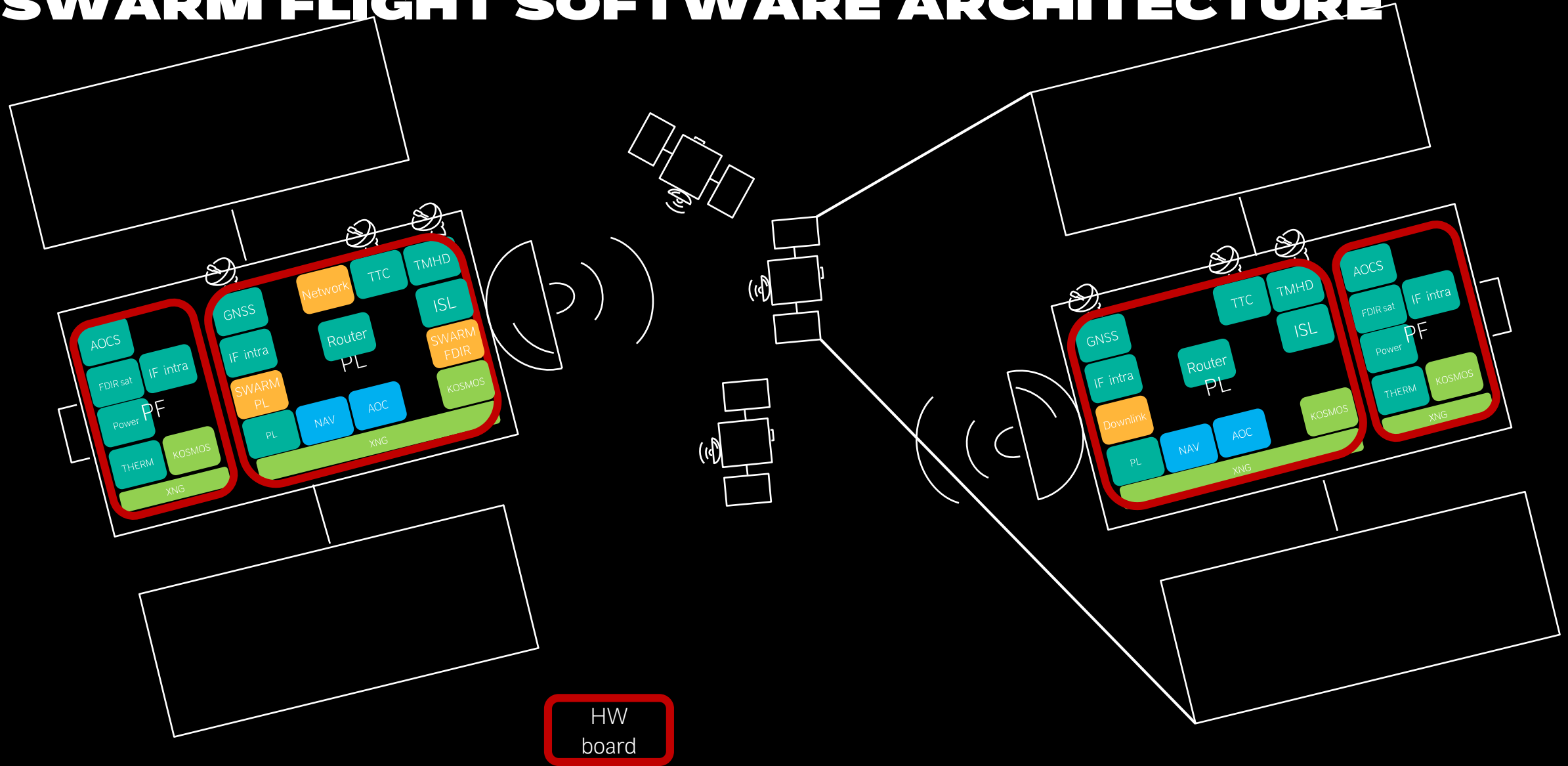
Logical view

Unique at satellite level

Unique at swarm level



SWARM FLIGHT SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE





04

NETWORK CONCERNS



RÉPUBLIQUE
FRANÇAISE

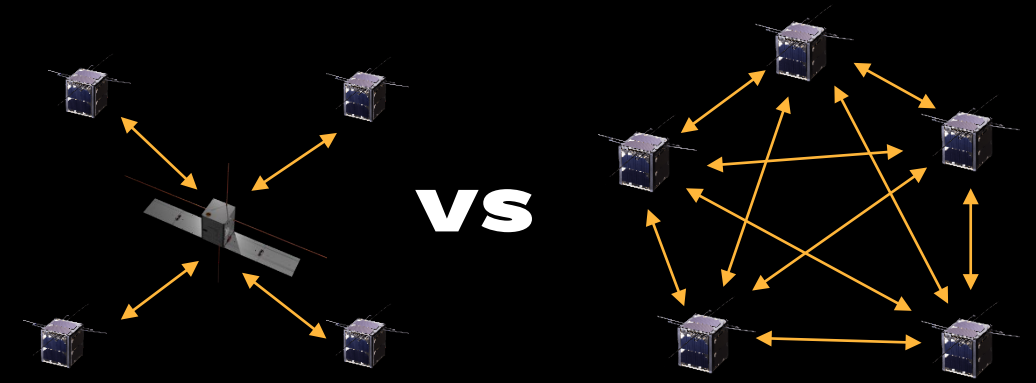
*Liberté
Égalité
Fraternité*



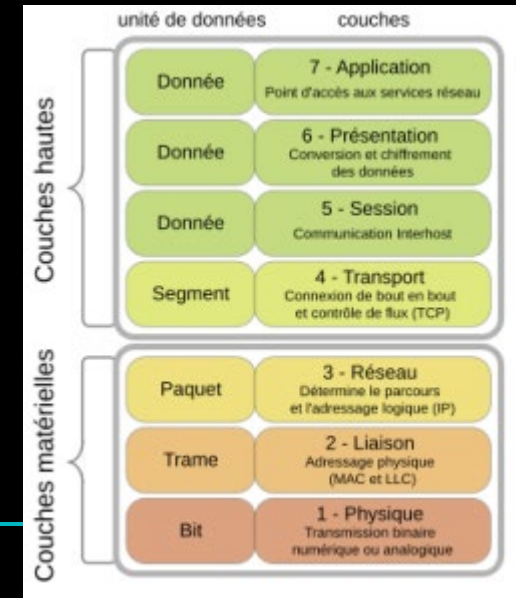
ISL CONCERNS

The most dimensioning enabler for swarm missions

- Technology (omnidirectional antenna vs directive links, RF vs optical)
- Topology of the network : full duplex, FDMA/TDMA/CDMA, point to point, 1 to n, n to n, bandwidth ?
- Usable for ranging and collective time when no GNSS is usable ?



- Decouple this physical layer / datalink function as much as possible from the others (follow the OSI approach !)
- Adapt easily the ISL properties on the simulator
- Unicast, multicast, broadcast
- Proof of concepts for ranging, GNSS messages diffusion, TC relay across the swarm

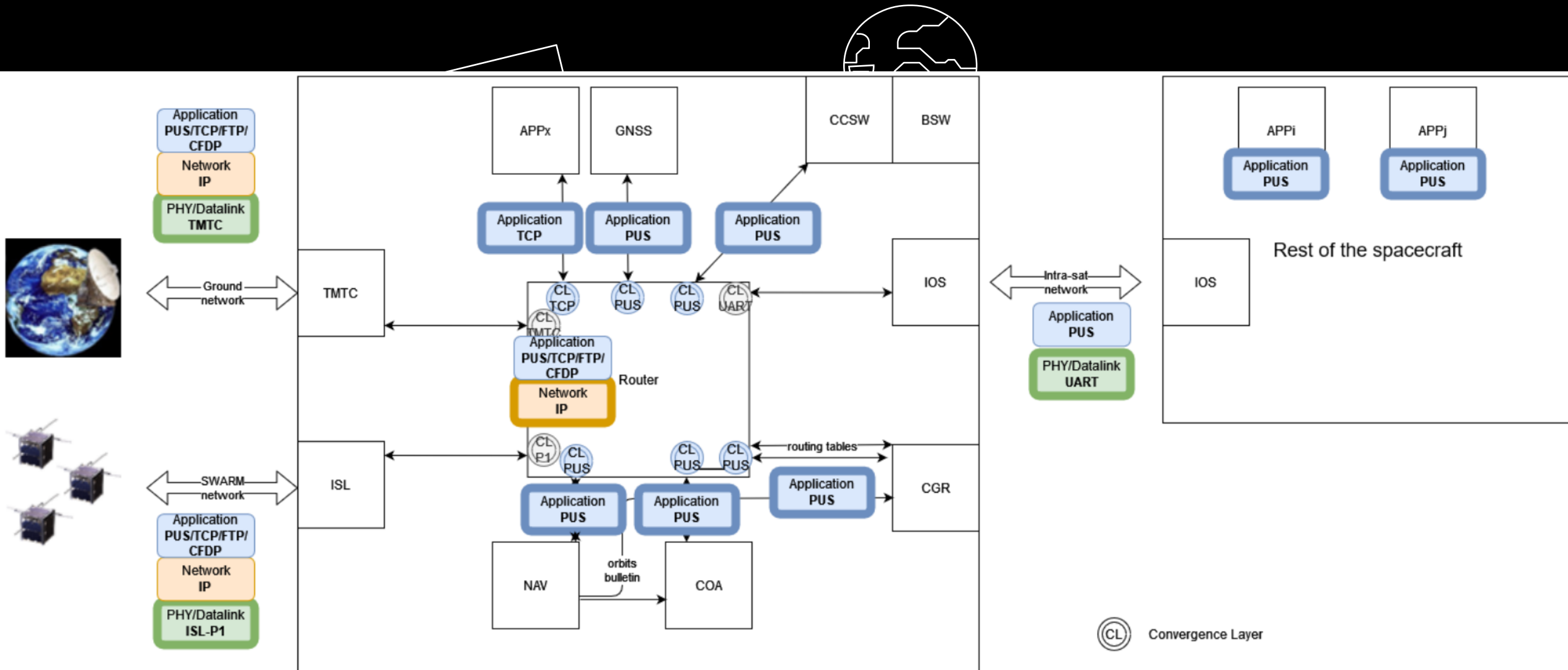


Application
PUS/TCP/
FTP/CFDP/...

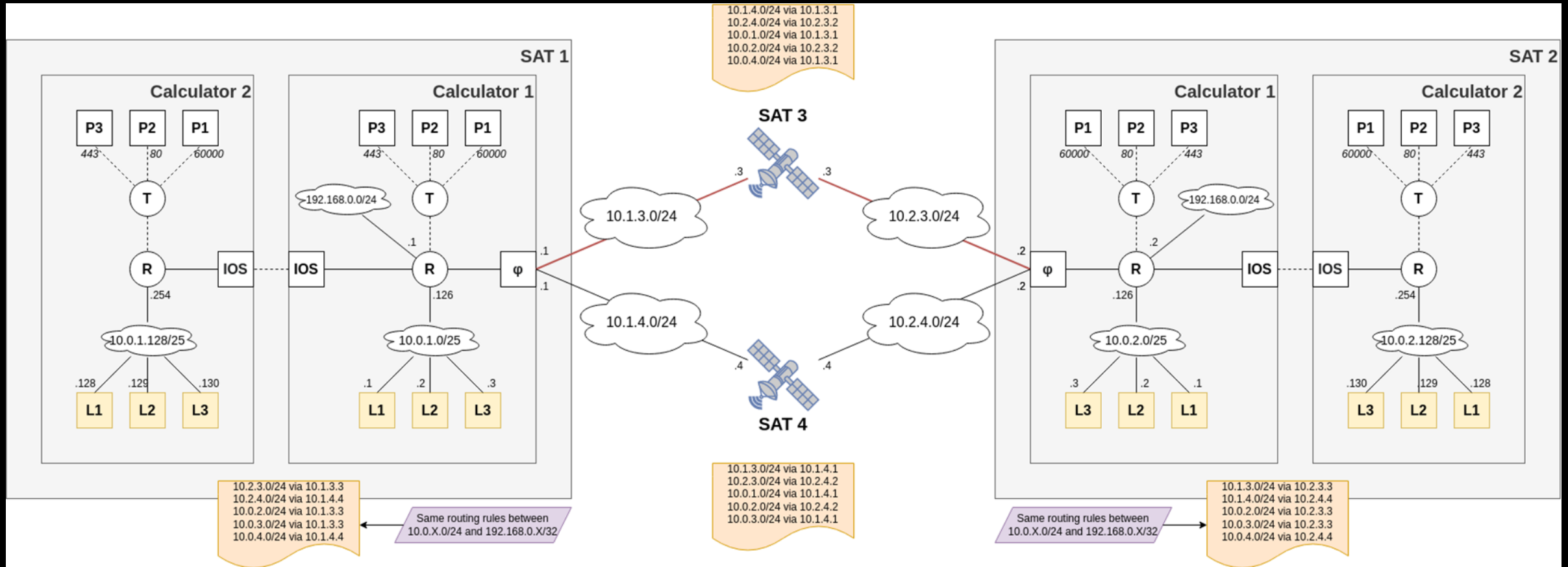
Network
IP

PHY/Datalink
TMTC or P-1
or UART

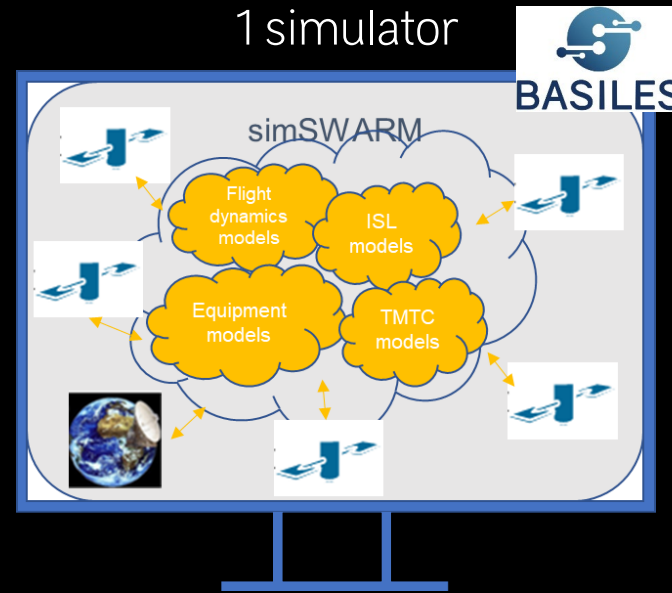
SWARM NETWORK STACK



SWARM NETWORK STACK



SWARM TEST BENCH - 2 CONFIGURATIONS



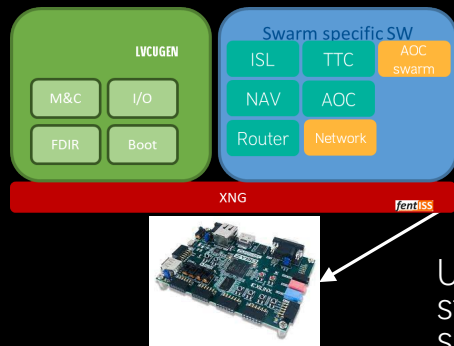
Discrete-event simulation infrastructure,
SMP/SMP2 simulation standard

Chaining **models** into a simulator, including flight software

FSW running as a model thanks to a XNG-A653 emulator that enables to run FSW partitions on Linux – compiled with the host compiler

PIL

Processor in the loop – 1 HW
board for each computer



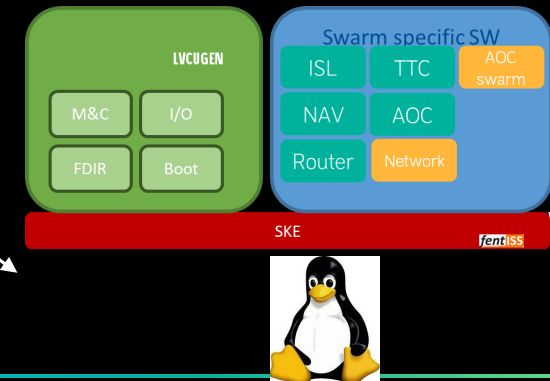
TTC and ISL links managed
through UART links

Used for mono-satellite tests with
stubbed neighbours – no
scalability

2 configurations

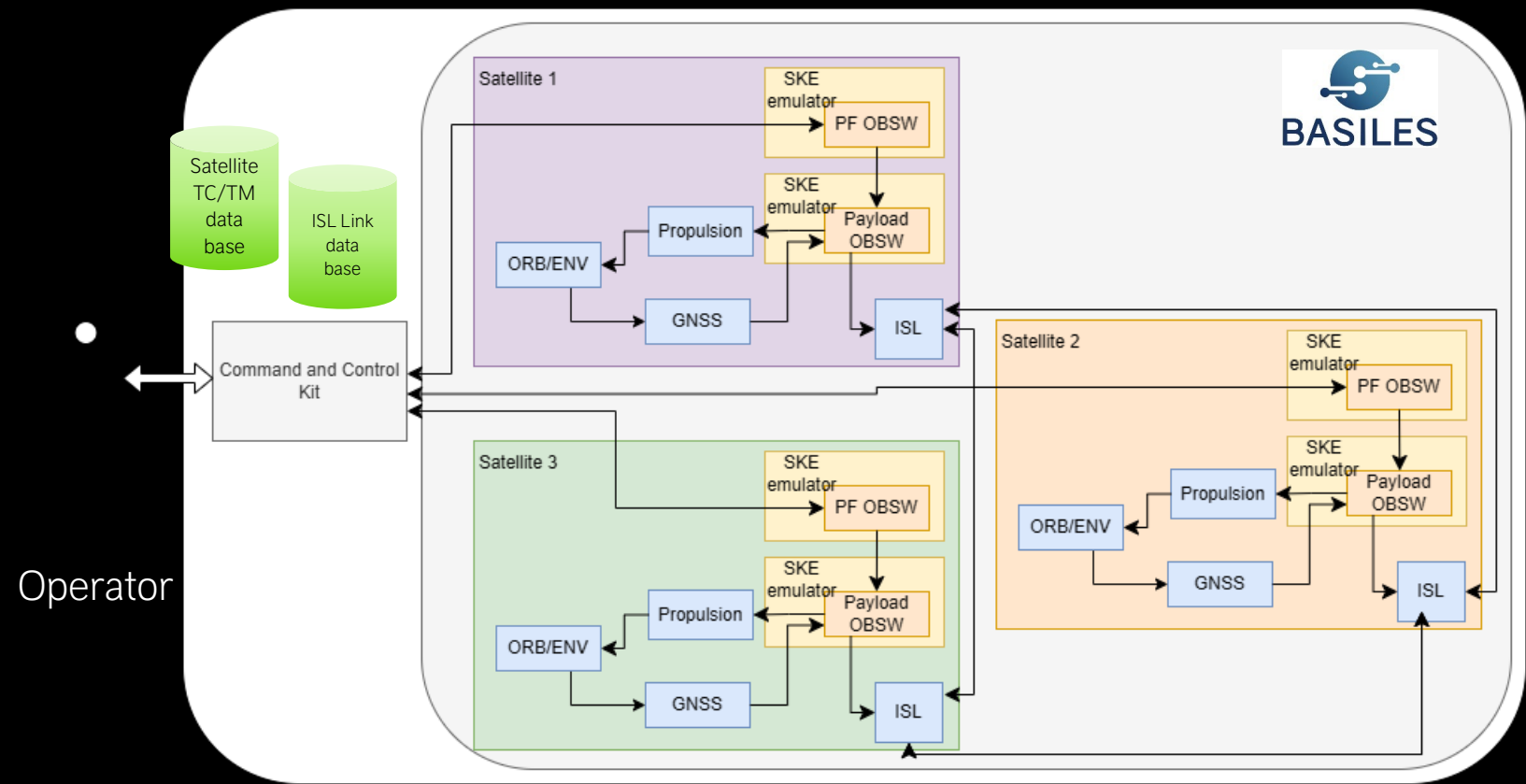
TTC and ISL links managed
through A653 ports

Full simulated



Used for system tests, with
each satellite running the real
FSW simulated – easily scalable

SWARM TEST BENCH - OVERALL VIEW



Every 1.0s: ps -eo psr,pcpu,pmem,cmd --sort=-pcpu | grep ske tu-apis-p01.cst.cnes.fr: Mon Sep 2

11	21.4	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	90	91
42	21.2	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	109	110
24	21.1	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	71	72
17	9.5	0.0	nav-xng_ske-debug.elf		
32	9.5	0.0	nav-xng_ske-debug.elf		
28	9.5	0.0	nav-xng_ske-debug.elf		
33	4.5	0.0	apppus-xng_ske-debug.elf		
43	4.5	0.0	apppus-xng_ske-debug.elf		
15	4.5	0.0	apppus-xng_ske-debug.elf		
46	4.0	0.0	isl-xng_ske-debug.elf		
27	4.0	0.0	isl-xng_ske-debug.elf		
36	4.0	0.0	isl-xng_ske-debug.elf		
26	3.9	0.0	rap-xng_ske-debug.elf		
5	3.9	0.0	rap-xng_ske-debug.elf		
23	3.9	0.0	rap-xng_ske-debug.elf		
37	3.5	0.0	instrum-xng_ske-debug.elf		
5	3.5	0.0	instrum-xng_ske-debug.elf		
40	3.5	0.0	instrum-xng_ske-debug.elf		
41	3.4	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	74	75
6	3.4	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	93	94
45	3.4	0.1	ske_bsl_standalone	112	113
12	3.1	0.0	ccsw-xng_ske-debug.elf		
5	3.1	0.0	ccsw-xng_ske-debug.elf		
7	3.1	0.0	ccsw-xng_ske-debug.elf		
18	3.1	0.0	router-xng_ske-debug.elf		
29	3.0	0.0	router-xng_ske-debug.elf		
23	3.0	0.0	router-xng_ske-debug.elf		
21	2.9	0.0	gnss-xng_ske-debug.elf		
14	2.9	0.0	gnss-xng_ske-debug.elf		
2	2.9	0.0	gnss-xng_ske-debug.elf		
26	2.6	0.0	ios-xng_ske-debug.elf		
32	2.6	0.0	ios-xng_ske-debug.elf		

EQUIPEMENT FUNCTIONAL SIMULATIONS ENVIRONMENT

GNSS simulation

- Real GNSS constellation data (GPS, BEIDOU, GNSS) retrieved on the net.
- GNSS receiver simulated for each satellite :
 - Based on Patrius (CNES generic Flight Dynamics Library)
 - Simulated CODE, PHASE measures for each emitter
 - Simulates a table of n tracked GNSS emitters

Functional Propulsion : DeltaV, direction, noise

Inter-Satellite Link :

- Data rate = function of (SNR for each couple of satellites, distance, ...)
- Inter-satellite messages emission commutation/decommutation capacities in the simulator
- Broadcast, Unicast messages, ...

Environment/Orbit simulation

- Precise
- Based on Patrius
- Environment : simulation of tidal forces/atmospheric density/earth gravity up to high orders/Sun and moon Gravity/Radiation pressures of solar irradiance + integrator

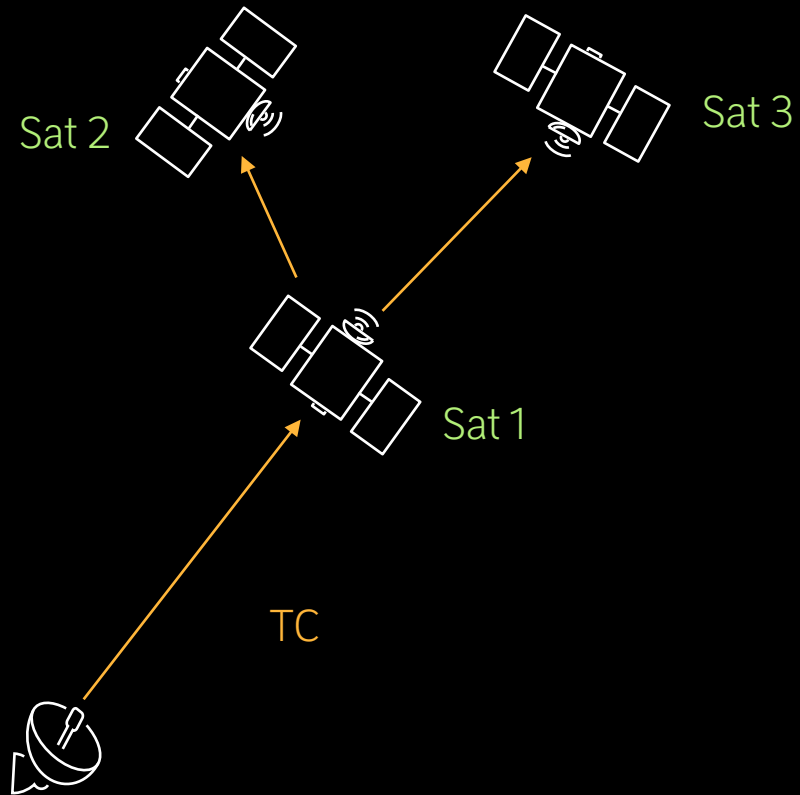
Theoretical Attitude simulation

- Geocentric

Command/control Kit

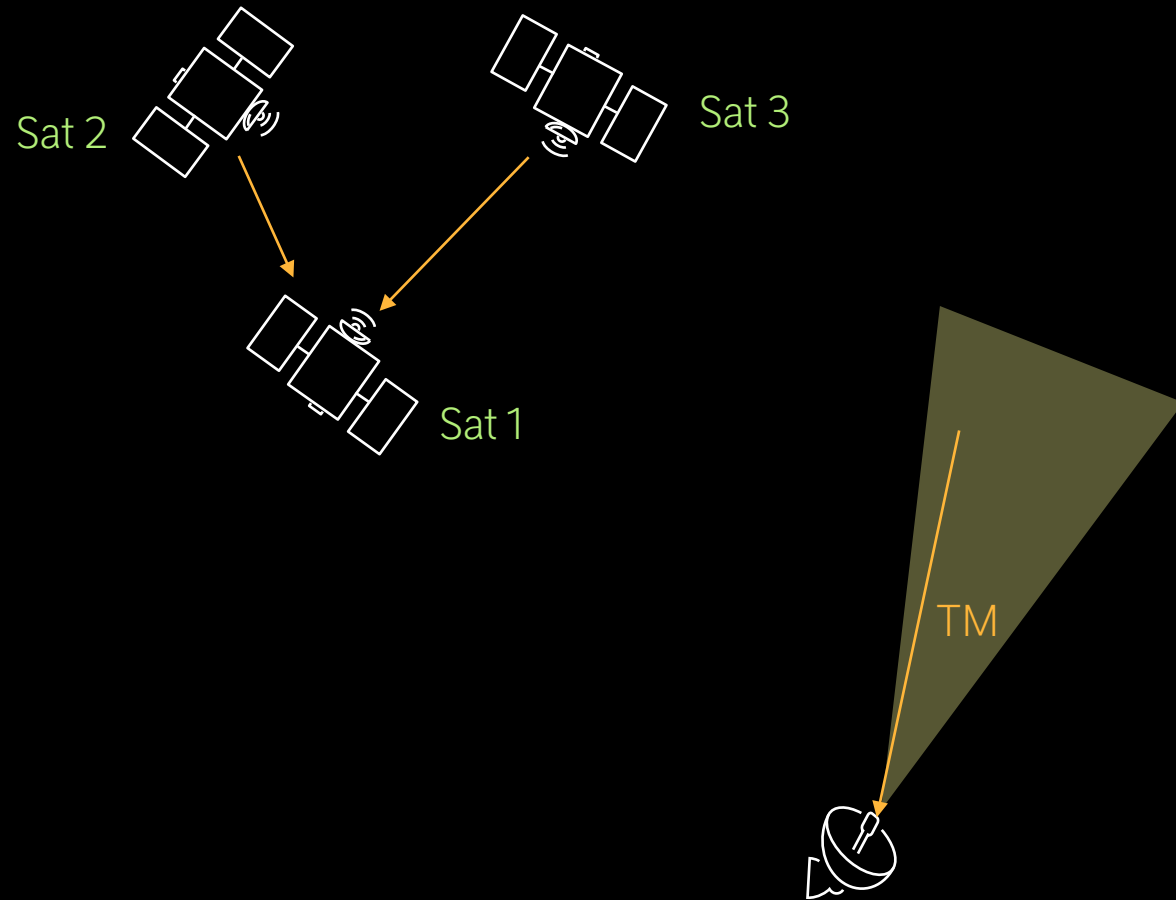
- Using generic TC/TM kits
- 2 data bases for com/decom

SWARM SYSTEM TESTS



Use case 1 : sat 1 relay between ground and 2 other satellites

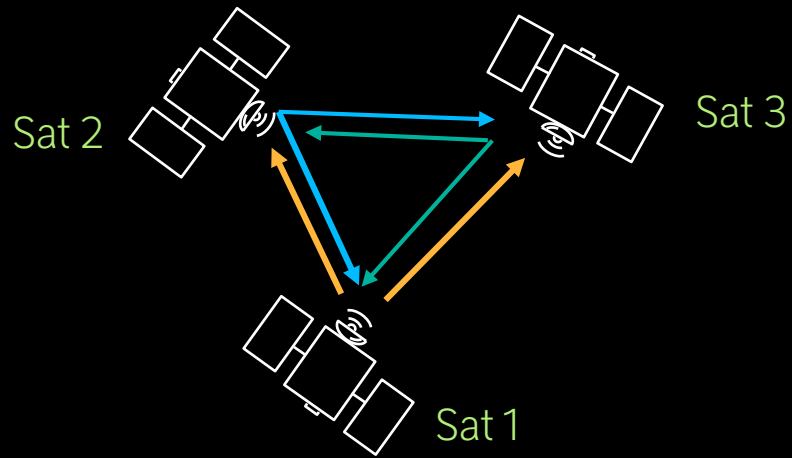
SWARM SYSTEM TESTS



Use case 2 : sat 1 relay between 2 other satellites and ground

If No visibility : data storage

SWARM SYSTEM TESTS



Use case 3 : navigation data exchange between satellites
Broadcast mode



STATUS AND WAY FORWARD

- First versions of the simulator and FSW with representative orbits and ISL models
- Firsts demonstrations including routing, ranging and flooding protocol successful with:
 - 3 satellites
 - 20 satellites
- Network stack implementation on going
- New Flight Dynamics functions on going
- ... then swarm distributed system functions
- Promising performances of the simulator to run the swarm with an appreciable functional representativity
- This simulator aims at being tuned according to new missions specificities

